



Press Release





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Bard HVAC Classroom Units May Help Reduce The Spread Of Airborne Diseases

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A recently published ASHRAE technical paper was issued to inform and educate consultants, architects and facility managers on mitigating airborne infectious diseases in educational facilities / classrooms provides the following strategy for HVAC systems.

These guidelines are provided in an ASHRAE Position Documentation on Airborne Infectious Disease in HVAC Applications, August 2020 and ASHRAE Epidemic Task Force Schools & Universities (Updated July 17, 2020). These documents can be found at www.ashrae.org/covid19

Summary:

Infectious diseases are spread in three different ways; direct (touching, hugging, etc.), indirect (surfaces, doorknobs, etc.) and airborne (coughing, sneezing, etc.). The focus of

this article is to apply ASHRAE's recommended mitigation strategy for a single HVAC unit design to reduce the spread via airborne transmission; to limit or reduce cross contamination of airborne particles, contaminants, VOC's, germs, bacteria, mold, viruses, etc., it is necessary to utilize a design



strategy with a single, dedicated HVAC unit to serve a single space. Unlike a central rooftop unit, (RTU) or central air handler (AHU) that serves multiple classrooms a unit serving a single space must only provide supply air and return air from that space, while also being capable of providing temperature control, humidity control and code ventilation.

In this article, we utilize the Bard I-TEC Indoor HVAC Unit to explain the execution of the ASHRAE guideline to reduce airborne transmission. The I-TEC is a single zone, unitary, packaged, vertical unit in AC or HP configuration

(SPVU), certified and listed in AHRI's Directory.

Strategy:

Dilution Ventilation: Per Wells-Riley equation, C=S (1-e-lqptiQ) the impact of Q (OA) decreases infectious particles by diluting it with infectious-particle free air. (CDC-2005)

Bard I-TEC units offer various types of ventilation, up to 450 CFM of fresh air with exhaust. A typical 3.5-Ton classroom unit with 1300 CFM can achieve nine total air changes per hour (ACH) and three fresh air changes per hour. This HIGH application priority meets and exceeds any new ventilation requirement to mitigate airborne pathogens and reduce transmission risk.

Air Flush Daily: Mechanical systems should be op-

erated in occupied (including normal peak outside air rate introduced to each space) for a minimum of two hours prior to occupants reentering the building (classroom).

Bard I-TEC units and other classroom units employ this sequence strategy of starting and running the classroom AC units

at least two hours before classes start and going to setback mode about four hours after classes end. This strategy also to give teachers, custodians, and maintenance the extra time to perform work in comfort. This control strategy is per Bard's CompletStat or BrightStat controller scheduled set point set up.

Typical classroom occupied set points: 75F DB, 55% - 60% RH, OA per code

Typical classroom non-occupied (setback mode): 78F DB, 55% - 60% RH, NO OA

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Temperature and Humidity: Classroom Design, ASHRAE Design 75F DB and 50% - 60% RH

Bard I-TEC units feature hot-gas reheat dehumidification (HGRH). The typical I-TEC classroom unit maintains these RH levels in a classroom with a dedicated, combination, programmable controller. Temperature, humidity, fresh air is controlled per specification and programmed schedule.

Personalized Ventilation: Small particles may be transmitted through ventilation systems (ductwork), as has been documented for tuberculosis, Q-fever, and measles (Li et al. 2007). ASHRAE recommendation:

- Supplying clean air to occupants
- Containing contaminant air and or exhausting it
- Diluting the air with clean air from outdoors
- Cleaning the air, filtration

All of these requirements are achieved by the standard I-TEC classroom unit without any additional options or accessories.

Local Exhaust: Exhaust room air to the outside

The I-TEC model features various ventilation options with the ability to pressurize or to keep a negative pressure in the room. The optional energy recovery module (ERV) comes standard with a factory setting of 375 CFM outside air and 300 CFM of exhaust air.

Local Air Filtration: The I-TEC units are single zone, packaged units serving a classroom or a similar single space with their respective high efficient filters in each unit, to reduce the exposure to contaminants and improve air quality. (ASHRAE Position on Filters and Air Cleaning).

I-Tec classroom units come standard with (2) 24" X 20" X 2" MERV-8 filters. Per ASHRAE and School Board Facilities recommendations, the I-TEC unit features optional MERV-13 filters without sacrificing airflow due the unit's evaporator ECM motor that compensates for the extra resistance or loading by adjusting its speed (CFM) to insure the correct, programmed airflows. The I-TEC's optional MERV-13 filter will on the average remove a minimum of 75% of particles size of 0.3 – 1.0 micron per these guidelines (ASHRAE).

Room, Duct or Air Handler UVGI: All UVGI depends on inactivation of disease transmitting organisms and it can be safely deployed in HVAC equipment and ductwork. (Nardell et. al. 2008).

Bard I-TEC units and other Bard models can accommodate these type of UV light accessory devices installed in the evaporator section of the unit. In addition, we also offer Bi Polar Ionization (BPI) that can easily be installed at the supply blower inlet that greatly reduce VOC's and all indoor contaminants.

In Room Flow Regimes: Ensure that airflow patterns in classrooms are adjusted to minimize occupant exposure to particles.

Bard I-TEC units come with three optional size acoustical supply plenum boxes. Each supply plenum features supply grilles on three sides, normally the unit sits in the middle of the classroom by an outside wall. The duct free plenum offers a way to evenly distribute the conditioned supply air with 4-way vertical and horizontal, adjustable deflectors. The deflectors allow the conditioned supply air to be directed to different areas in the room. The upward pitch on the linear slot allows air to be deflected upwards toward the ceiling and not on occupants.

Differential Pressurization: Room pressure differentials are important for controlling airflow between areas in a building (Siegal et al. CDC 2005). Adjust building (classroom) airflows to prevent negative pressure, per ASHRAE recommendation.

Normal non-isolation nursing offices in schools, nurse stations, isolation rooms and other potentially airborne infectious isolation rooms are to keep potential infectious agents within the room are kept at a negative pressure with respect to the surrounding areas.

Other areas like classrooms, halls, offices, etc. are to be kept at a positive pressure to limit infiltration of heat, humidity, VOC's and other possible contaminants.

Other important features of the Bard I-TEC unit that helps maintain a clean, safe and comfortable environment in educational and similar facilities:

- None standing water in the drain pans
- Evaporator constructed of Hydrophilic fin stock with the following advantages
 - Acrylic coating
- Improved draining and lower re-entrainment of moisture back into the airstream
- Anti-microbial properties provide microbial resistance to fungal growth
 - Resistance to mold and mildew
 - Low sound levels, as low as below 40 dba
 - Four ventilation options
 - Fiberglass free insulation

For more information and or design, assistance please feel free to contact,

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